
python-stix Documentation

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The MITRE Corporation

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The **python-stix** library provides an API for developing and consuming *Structured Threat Information eXpression* (STIX) content. Developers can leverage the API to develop applications that create, consume, translate, or otherwise process STIX content. This page should help new developers get started with using this library. For more information about STIX, please refer to the [STIX website](#).

Note: These docs provide standard reference for this Python library. For documentation on *idiomatic* usage and *common patterns*, as well as various STIX-related information and utilities, please visit the [STIXProject at GitHub](#).

Versions

Each version of `python-stix` is designed to work with a single version of the STIX Language. The table below shows the latest version the library for each version of STIX.

STIX Version	python-stix Version
1.1.1	1.1.1.8 (PyPI) (GitHub)
1.1.0	1.1.0.6 (PyPI) (GitHub)
1.0.1	1.0.1.1 (PyPI) (GitHub)
1.0	1.0.0a7 (PyPI) (GitHub)

Users and developers working with multiple versions of STIX content may want to take a look at [stix-ramrod](#), which is a library designed to update STIX and CybOX content.

Check out the [Working with python-stix](#) section for examples on how to integrate **stix-ramrod** and **python-stix**.

Contents

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Installation

The installation of python-stix can be accomplished through a few different workflows.

Recommended Installation

Use `pypi` and `pip`:

```
$ pip install stix
```

You might also want to consider using a [virtualenv](#). Please refer to the [pip installation instructions](#) for details regarding the installation of `pip`.

Dependencies

The python-stix library relies on some non-standard Python libraries for the processing of STIX content. Revisions of python-stix may depend on particular versions of dependencies to function correctly. These versions are detailed within the `distutils setup.py` installation script.

The following libraries are required to use python-stix:

- `lxml` - A Pythonic binding for the C libraries **libxml2** and **libxslt**.
- `python-cybox` - A library for consuming and producing CybOX content.
- `python-dateutil` - A library for parsing datetime information.

Each of these can be installed with `pip` or by manually downloading packages from PyPI. On Windows, you will probably have the most luck using [pre-compiled binaries](#) for `lxml`. On Ubuntu (12.04 or 14.04), you should make sure the following packages are installed before attempting to compile `lxml` from source:

- `libxml2-dev`
- `libxslt1-dev`
- `zlib1g-dev`

Warning: Users have encountered errors with versions of libxml2 (a dependency of lxml) prior to version 2.9.1. The default version of libxml2 provided on Ubuntu 12.04 is currently 2.7.8. Users are encouraged to upgrade libxml2 manually if they have any issues. Ubuntu 14.04 provides libxml2 version 2.9.1.

Manual Installation

If you are unable to use pip, you can also install python-stix with [setuptools](#). If you don't already have setuptools installed, please install it before continuing.

1. Download and install the [dependencies](#) above. Although setuptools will generally install dependencies automatically, installing the dependencies manually beforehand helps distinguish errors in dependency installation from errors in stix installation. Make sure you check to ensure the versions you install are compatible with the version of stix you plan to install.
2. Download the desired version of stix from [PyPI](#) or the GitHub [releases](#) page. The steps below assume you are using the 1.1.1.8 release.
3. Extract the downloaded file. This will leave you with a directory named stix-1.1.1.8.

```
$ tar -zxf stix-1.1.1.8.tar.gz
$ ls
stix-1.1.1.8 stix-1.1.1.8.tar.gz
```

OR

```
$ unzip stix-1.1.1.8.zip
$ ls
stix-1.1.1.8 stix-1.1.1.8.zip
```

4. Run the installation script.

```
$ cd stix-1.1.1.8
$ python setup.py install
```

5. Test the installation.

```
$ python
Python 2.7.6 (default, Mar 22 2014, 22:59:56)
[GCC 4.8.2] on linux2
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
>>> import stix
>>>
```

If you don't see an `ImportError`, the installation was successful.

Further Information

If you're new to installing Python packages, you can learn more at the [Python Packaging User Guide](#), specifically the [Installing Python Packages](#) section.

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Getting Started

This page gives an introduction to **python-stix** and how to use it.

Note: This page is being actively worked on; feedback is always welcome.

Prerequisites

The python-stix library provides an API for creating or processing STIX content. As such, it is a developer tool that can be leveraged by those who know Python 2.6/2.7 and are familiar with object-oriented programming practices, Python package layouts, and are comfortable with the installation of Python libraries. To contribute code to the python-stix repository, users must be familiar with [git](#) and [GitHub pull request](#) methodologies. Understanding XML, XML Schema, and the STIX language is also incredibly helpful when using python-stix in an application.

Your First STIX Application

Once you have installed python-stix, you can begin writing Python applications that consume or create STIX content!

Note: The *python-stix* library provides **bindings** and **APIs**, both of which can be used to parse and write STIX XML files. For in-depth description of the *APIs*, *bindings*, and *the differences between the two*, please refer to [APIs or bindings?](#)

Creating a STIX Package

```
from stix.core import STIXPackage, STIXHeader  # Import the STIX Package and STIX Header APIs

stix_package = STIXPackage()                  # Create an instance of STIXPackage
stix_header = STIXHeader()                    # Create an instance of STIXHeader
stix_header.description = "Getting Started!"    # Set the description
stix_package.stix_header = stix_header         # Link the STIX Head to our STIX Package

print(stix_package.to_xml())                  # print the XML for this STIX Package
```

Parsing STIX XML

```
from stix.core import STIXPackage             # Import the STIX Package API

fn = 'stix_content.xml'                       # The STIX content filename
stix_package = STIXPackage.from_xml(fn)        # Parse using the from_xml() method
```

Examples

The python-stix GitHub repository contains several example scripts that help illustrate the capabilities of the APIs. These examples can be found [here](#). Accompanying walkthrough [slides](#) are available. These scripts are simple command line utilities that can be executed by passing the name of the script to a Python interpreter.

```
Example:
$ python ex_01.py
```

Note: You must install python-stix before running these example scripts.

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Examples

This page includes some basic examples of creating and parsing STIX content.

There are a couple things we do in these examples for purposes of demonstration that shouldn't be done in production code:

- When calling `to_xml()`, we use `include_namespaces=False`. This is to make the example output easier to read, but means the resulting output cannot be successfully parsed. The XML parser doesn't know what namespaces to use if they aren't included. In production code, you should explicitly set `include_namespaces` to `True` or omit it entirely (`True` is the default).
- In some examples, we use `set_id_method(IDGenerator.METHOD_INT)` to make IDs for STIX constructs easier to read and cross-reference within the XML document. In production code, you should omit this statement, which causes random UUIDs to be created instead, or create explicit IDs yourself for STIX constructs.

See the [STIX Idioms](#) documentation for more great examples of how to use **python-stix**.

Creating a STIX Package

```
from stix.core import STIXPackage, STIXHeader
from stix.utils import IDGenerator, set_id_method

set_id_method(IDGenerator.METHOD_INT) # For testing and demonstration only!

stix_package = STIXPackage()
stix_header = STIXHeader()
stix_header.description = "Getting Started!"
stix_package.stix_header = stix_header

print stix_package.to_xml(include_namespaces=False)
```

Which outputs:

```
<stix:STIX_Package id="example:Package-1" version="1.1.1" timestamp="2014-08-12T18:03:44.240457+00:00">
  <stix:STIX_Header>
    <stix:Description>Getting Started!</stix:Description>
  </stix:STIX_Header>
</stix:STIX_Package>
```

ID Namespaces

By default, **python-stix** sets the default ID namespace to `http://example.com` with an alias of `example`. This results in STIX id declarations that look like `id="example:Package-2813128d-f45e-41f7-b10a-20a5656e3785"`.

To change this, use the `stix.utils.set_id_namespace()` method which takes a dictionary as a parameter.

```
from stix.core import STIXPackage
from stix.utils import set_id_namespace

NAMESPACE = {"http://MY-NAMESPACE.com" : "myNS"}
set_id_namespace(NAMESPACE) # new ids will be prefixed by "myNS"
```

```
stix_package = STIXPackage() # id will be created automatically
print stix_package.to_xml()
```

Which outputs:

```
<stix:STIX_Package
  xmlns:myNS="http://MY-NAMESPACE.com"
  xmlns:stixCommon="http://stix.mitre.org/common-1"
  xmlns:stixVocabs="http://stix.mitre.org/default_vocabularies-1"
  xmlns:stix="http://stix.mitre.org/stix-1"
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xsi:schemaLocation="
    http://stix.mitre.org/common-1 http://stix.mitre.org/XMLSchema/common/1.1.1/stix_common.xsd
    http://stix.mitre.org/default_vocabularies-1 http://stix.mitre.org/XMLSchema/default_vocabularies-1
    http://stix.mitre.org/stix-1 http://stix.mitre.org/XMLSchema/core/1.1.1/stix_core.xsd"
  id="myNS:Package-b2039368-9476-4a5b-8c1d-0ef5dlb37e06" version="1.1.1" timestamp="2014-08-12T18:00:00Z">
```

Success! The `xmlns:myNS="http://MY-NAMESPACE.com"` matches our NAMESPACE dictionary and the `id` attribute includes the `myNS` namespace alias.

Working With CybOX

If you are creating CybOX entities such as Observables, you'll want to set the ID namespace for `python-cybox` as well.

Note that **python-stix** and `python-cybox` treat namespaces slightly differently (for now anyway). Where **python-stix** uses Python dictionaries, `python-cybox` uses the `cybox.utils.Namespace` class to represent a namespace.

```
from cybox.utils import set_id_namespace, Namespace
from cybox.core import Observable

NAMESPACE = Namespace("http://MY-NAMESPACE.com", "myNS")
set_id_namespace(NAMESPACE)

obs = Observable()
print obs.to_xml()
```

Which outputs:

```
<cybox:ObservableType
  xmlns:myNS="http://MY-NAMESPACE.com"
  xmlns:cybox="http://cybox.mitre.org/cybox-2"
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xsi:schemaLocation="http://cybox.mitre.org/cybox-2 http://cybox.mitre.org/XMLSchema/core/2.1/cybox_core.xsd"
  id="myNS:Observable-7e6191d3-25e9-4283-a80c-867e175224ae">
```

Success (again)! The `xmlns:myNS="http://MY-NAMESPACE.com"` matches our `Namespace` object and the `id` attribute includes the `myNS` namespace alias.

Controlled Vocabularies: VocabString

Many fields in STIX leverage the `stixCommon:ControlledVocabularyStringType`, which acts as a base type for controlled vocabulary implementations. The STIX language defines a set of default controlled vocabularies which are found in the `stix_default_vocabs.xsd` XML Schema file.

The **python-stix** library contains a `stix.common.vocabs` module, which defines the `VocabString` class implementation of the schema `ControlledVocabularyStringType` as well as `VocabString` implementations which correspond to default controlled vocabularies.

For example, the `stix_default_vocabularies.xsd` schema defines a controlled vocabulary for STIX Package Intents: `PackageIntentVocab-1.0`. The `stix.common.vocabs` module contains an analogous `PackageIntent` class, which acts as a derivation of `VocabString`.

Each `VocabString` implementation contains:

- A static list of class-level term attributes, each beginning with `TERM_` (e.g., `TERM_INDICATORS`)
- A tuple containing all allowed vocabulary terms: `ALLOWED_VALUES`, which is used for input validation
- Methods found on `stix.Entity`, such as `to_xml()`, `to_dict()`, `from_dict()`, etc.

Interacting With VocabString Fields

The following sections define ways of interacting with `VocabString` fields.

Default Vocabulary Terms

The STIX Language often suggested a default controlled vocabulary type for a given controlled vocabulary field. Each controlled vocabulary contains an enumeration of allowed terms.

Each `VocabString` implementation found in the `stix.common.vocabs` module contains static class-level attributes for each vocabulary term. When setting controlled vocabulary field values, it is recommended that users take advantage of these class-level attributes.

The following demonstrates setting the `Package_Intent` field with a default vocabulary term. Note that the `STIXHeader.package_intents` property returns a list. As such, we use the `append()` method to add terms. Other STIX controlled vocabulary fields may only allow one value rather than a list of values.

```
from stix.core import STIXHeader
from stix.common.vocabs import PackageIntent

header = STIXHeader()
header.package_intents.append(PackageIntent.TERM_INDICATORS)

print header.to_xml(include_namespaces=False)
```

Which outputs:

```
<stix:STIXHeaderType>
  <stix:Package_Intent xsi:type="stixVocabs:PackageIntentVocab-1.0">Indicators</stix:Package_Intent>
</stix:STIXHeaderType>
```

Non-Default Vocabulary Terms

Though it is suggested, STIX content authors are not required to use the default controlled vocabulary for a given field. As such, **python-stix** allows users to pass in non-default values for controlled vocabulary fields.

To set a controlled vocabulary to a non-default vocabulary term, pass a `VocabString` instance into a controlled vocabulary field.

A raw `VocabString` field will contain no `xsi:type` information or `ALLOWED_VALUES` members, which removes the input and schema validation requirements.

```

from stix.core import STIXHeader
from stix.common.vocabs import VocabString, PackageIntent

header = STIXHeader()
non_default_term = VocabString("NON-DEFAULT VOCABULARY TERM")
header.package_intents.append(non_default_term)

print header.to_xml(include_namespaces=False)

```

Which outputs:

```

<stix:STIXHeaderType>
  <stix:Package_Intent>NON-DEFAULT VOCABULARY TERM</stix:Package_Intent>
</stix:STIXHeaderType>

```

Notice that the `<stix:Package_Intent>` field does not have an `xsi:type` attribute. As such, this field can contain any string value and is not bound by a controlled vocabulary enumeration of terms.

Working With Custom Controlled Vocabularies

STIX allows content authors and developers to extend the `ControlledVocabularyStringType` schema type for the definition of new controlled vocabularies. The **python-stix** library allows developers to create and register Python types which mirror the custom XML Schema vocabulary types.

XSD Example The following XML Schema example shows the definition of a new custom controlled vocabulary schema type. Instances of this schema type could be used wherever a `ControlledVocabularyStringType` instance is expected (e.g., the `STIX_Header/Package_Intent` field).

Filename: customVocabs.xsd

```

<xs:schema
  xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
  xmlns:customVocabs="http://customvocabs.com/vocabs-1"
  xmlns:stixVocabs="http://stix.mitre.org/default_vocabularies-1"
  xmlns:stixCommon="http://stix.mitre.org/common-1"
  targetNamespace="http://customvocabs.com/vocabs-1"
  elementFormDefault="qualified"
  version="1.1.1"
  xml:lang="English">
  <xs:import namespace="http://stix.mitre.org/common-1" schemaLocation="http://stix.mitre.org/XMLSchema.xsd"/>
  <xs:complexType name="CustomVocab-1.0">
    <xs:simpleContent>
      <xs:restriction base="stixCommon:ControlledVocabularyStringType">
        <xs:simpleType>
          <xs:union memberTypes="customVocabs:CustomEnum-1.0"/>
        </xs:simpleType>
        <xs:attribute name="vocab_name" type="xs:string" use="optional" fixed="Test Vocab"/>
        <xs:attribute name="vocab_reference" type="xs:anyURI" use="optional" fixed="http://example.com/vocab-reference"/>
      </xs:restriction>
    </xs:simpleContent>
  </xs:complexType>
  <xs:simpleType name="CustomEnum-1.0">
    <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
      <xs:enumeration value="FOO"/>
      <xs:enumeration value="BAR"/>
    </xs:restriction>
  </xs:simpleType>
</xs:schema>

```

```
</xs:simpleType>
</xs:schema>
```

XML Instance Sample The following STIX XML instance document shows a potential use of this field. Note the `xsi:type=customVocabs:CustomVocab-1.0` on the `Package_Intent` field.

Filename: customVocabs.xml

```
<stix:STIX_Package
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xmlns:stixExample="http://stix.mitre.org/example"
  xmlns:stix="http://stix.mitre.org/stix-1"
  xmlns:customVocabs="http://customvocabs.com/vocabs-1"
  xsi:schemaLocation="
    http://stix.mitre.org/stix-1 /path/to/stix_core.xsd
    http://customvocabs.com/vocabs-1 /path/to/customVocabs.xsd"
  id="stixExample:STIXPackage-33fe3b22-0201-47cf-85d0-97c02164528d"
  timestamp="2014-05-08T09:00:00.000000Z"
  version="1.1.1">
  <stix:STIX_Header>
    <stix:Package_Intent xsi:type="customVocabs:CustomVocab-1.0">FOO</stix:Package_Intent>
  </stix:STIX_Header>
</stix:STIX_Package>
```

Python Code To parse content which uses custom controlled vocabularies, Python developers don't have to do anything special—you just call `STIXPackage.from_xml()` on the input and all the namespaces, `xsi:types`, etc. are attached to each instance of `VocabString`. When serializing the document, the input namespaces and `xsi:type` attributes are retained!

However, to *create* new content which utilizes a schema defined and enforced custom controlled vocabulary, developers must create a *VocabString* implementation which mirrors the schema definition.

For our `CustomVocab-1.0` schema type, the Python would look like this:

```
from stix.common import vocabs

# Create a custom vocabulary type
class CustomVocab(vocabs.VocabString):
    _namespace = 'http://customvocabs.com/vocabs-1'
    _XSI_TYPE = 'customVocabs:CustomVocab-1.0'
    _ALLOWED_VALUES = ('FOO', 'BAR')

# Register the type as a VocabString
vocabs.add_vocab(CustomVocab)
```

As you can see, we can express a lot of the same information found in the XML Schema definition, just with a lot less typing!

- `_namespace`: The `targetNamespace` for our custom vocabulary
- `_XSI_TYPE`: The `xsi:type` attribute value to write out for instances of this vocabulary.
- `_ALLOWED_VALUES`: A tuple of allowable values for this vocabulary.

Note: The call to `add_vocab()` registers the class and its `xsi:type` as a `VocabString` implementation so **python-stix** will know to build instances of `CustomVocab` when parsed content contains `CustomVocab-1.0` content. You must call `add_vocab()` to register your class prior to parsing content if you want the parser to build instances of your custom vocabulary class!

```

# builtin
from StringIO import StringIO

# python-stix modules
from stix.core import STIXPackage
from stix.common import vocabs

XML = \
"""
<stix:STIX_Package
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xmlns:stix="http://stix.mitre.org/stix-1"
  xmlns:customVocabs="http://customvocabs.com/vocabs-1"
  xmlns:example="http://example.com/"
  xsi:schemaLocation="
    http://stix.mitre.org/stix-1 /path/to/stix_core.xsd
    http://customvocabs.com/vocabs-1 /path/to/customVocabs.xsd"
  id="example:STIXPackage-33fe3b22-0201-47cf-85d0-97c02164528d"
  timestamp="2014-05-08T09:00:00.000000Z"
  version="1.1.1">
  <stix:STIX_Header>
    <stix:Package_Intent xsi:type="customVocabs:CustomVocab-1.0">FOO</stix:Package_Intent>
  </stix:STIX_Header>
</stix:STIX_Package>
"""

# Create a VocabString class for our CustomVocab-1.0 vocabulary which
class CustomVocab(vocabs.VocabString):
    _namespace = 'http://customvocabs.com/vocabs-1'
    _XSI_TYPE = 'customVocabs:CustomVocab-1.0'
    _ALLOWED_VALUES = ('FOO', 'BAR')

# Register our Custom Vocabulary class so parsing builds instances of
# CustomVocab
vocabs.add_vocab(CustomVocab)

# Parse the input document
sio = StringIO(XML)
package = STIXPackage.from_xml(sio)

# Retrieve the first (and only) Package_Intent entry
package_intent = package.stix_header.package_intents[0]

# Print information about the input Package_Intent
print type(package_intent), package_intent.xsi_type, package_intent

# Add another Package Intent
bar = CustomVocab('BAR')
package.stix_header.add_package_intent(bar)

# This will include the 'BAR' CustomVocab entry
print package.to_xml()

```

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APIs or bindings?

This page describes both the **APIs** and the **bindings** provided by the *python-stix* library.

Overview

The *python-stix* library provides APIs and utilities that aid in the creation, consumption, and processing of Structured Threat Information eXpression (STIX) content. The APIs that drive much of the functionality of *python-stix* sit on top of a binding layer that acts as a direct connection between Python and the STIX XML. Because both the APIs and the bindings allow for the creation and development of STIX content, developers that are new to *python-stix* may not understand the differences between the two. This document aims to identify the purpose and uses of the APIs and bindings.

Bindings

The *python-stix* library leverages machine generated XML-to-Python bindings for the creation and processing of STIX content. These bindings are created using the `generateDS` utility and can be found under `stix.bindings` within the package hierarchy.

The STIX bindings allow for a direct, complete mapping between Python classes and STIX XML Schema data structures. That being said, it is possible (though not advised) to use only the STIX bindings to create STIX documents. However, because the code is generated from XML Schema without contextual knowledge of relationships or broader organizational/developmental schemes, it is often a cumbersome and laborious task to create even the simplest of STIX documents.

Developers within the *python-stix* team felt that the binding code did not lend itself to rapid development or natural navigation of data, and so it was decided that a higher-level API should be created.

APIs

The *python-stix* APIs are classes and utilities that leverage the STIX bindings for the creation and processing of STIX content. The APIs are designed to behave more naturally when working with STIX content, allowing developers to conceptualize and interact with STIX documents as pure Python objects and not XML Schema objects.

The APIs provide validation of inputs, multiple input and output formats, more Pythonic access of data structure internals and interaction with classes, and better interpretation of a developers intent through datatype coercion and implicit instantiation.

Note: The *python-stix* APIs are under constant development. Our goal is to provide full API coverage of the STIX data structures, but not all structures are exposed via the APIs yet. Please refer to the [API Reference](#) for API coverage details.

Brevity Wins

The two code examples show the difference in creating and printing a simple STIX document consisting of only a STIX Package and a STIX Header with a description and produced time using the *python-stix* and *python-cybox* bindings. Both examples will produce the same STIX XML!

API Example

```

from datetime import datetime
from stix.core import STIXPackage, STIXHeader
from stix.common import InformationSource
from cybox.common import Time

# Create the STIX Package and STIX Header objects
stix_package = STIXPackage()
stix_header = STIXHeader()

# Set the description
stix_header.description = 'APIs vs. Bindings Wiki Example'

# Set the produced time to now
stix_header.information_source = InformationSource()
stix_header.information_source.time = Time()
stix_header.information_source.time.produced_time = datetime.now()

# Build document
stix_package.stix_header = stix_header

# Print the document to stdout
print(stix_package.to_xml())

```

Binding Example

```

import sys
from datetime import datetime

import stix.bindings.stix_core as stix_core_binding
import stix.bindings.stix_common as stix_common_binding
import cybox.bindings.cybox_common as cybox_common_binding

# Create the STIX Package and STIX Header objects
stix_package = stix_core_binding.STIXType()
stix_header = stix_core_binding.STIXHeaderType()

# Set the description
stix_header_description = stix_common_binding.StructuredTextType()
stix_header_description.set_valueOf_('APIs vs. Bindings Wiki Example')

# Set the produced time to now
stix_header_time = cybox_common_binding.TimeType()
stix_header_time.set_Produced_Time(datetime.now())

# Bind the time to the STIX Header's Information Source element
stix_header_info_source = stix_common_binding.InformationSourceType()
stix_header_info_source.set_Time(stix_header_time)

# Build the document
stix_header.set_Description(stix_header_description)
stix_header.set_Information_Source(stix_header_info_source)
stix_package.set_STIX_Header(stix_header)

# Print the document to stdout
stix_package.export(sys.stdout, 0, stix_core_binding.DEFAULT_XML_NS_MAP)

```

Feedback

If there is a problem with the APIs or bindings, or if there is functionality missing from the APIs that forces the use of the bindings, let us know in the [python-stix issue tracker](#)

API Reference

Version: 1.1.1.8

API Reference

The *python-stix* APIs are the recommended tools for reading, writing, and manipulating STIX XML documents.

Note: The *python-stix* APIs are currently under development. As such, API coverage of STIX data constructs is incomplete; please bear with us as we work toward complete coverage. This documentation also serves to outline current API coverage.

STIX

Modules located in the base *stix* package

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stix.base Module

Classes

class *stix*.base.**Entity**

Base class for all classes in the STIX API.

find(*id_*)

Searches the children of a *Entity* implementation for an object with an *id_* property that matches *id_*.

to_xml(*include_namespaces=True, include_schemalocs=False, ns_dict=None, schemaloc_dict=None, pretty=True, auto_namespace=True, encoding='utf-8'*)

Serializes a *Entity* instance to an XML string.

The default character encoding is `utf-8` and can be set via the *encoding* parameter. If *encoding* is `None`, a string (unicode in Python 2, str in Python 3) is returned.

Parameters

- **auto_namespace** – Automatically discover and export XML namespaces for a STIX *Entity* instance.

- **include_namespaces** – Export namespace definitions in the output XML. Default is `True`.
- **include_schemalocs** – Export `xsi:schemaLocation` attribute in the output document. This will attempt to associate namespaces declared in the STIX document with schema locations. If a namespace cannot be resolved to a `schemaLocation`, a Python warning will be raised. Schemalocations will only be exported if `include_namespaces` is also `True`.
- **ns_dict** – Dictionary of XML definitions (namespace is key, alias is value) to include in the exported document. This must be passed in if `auto_namespace` is `False`.
- **schemaloc_dict** – Dictionary of XML namespace: schema location mappings to include in the exported document. These will only be included if `auto_namespace` is `False`.
- **pretty** – Pretty-print the XML.
- **encoding** – The output character encoding. Default is `utf-8`. If `encoding` is set to `None`, a string (unicode in Python 2, str in Python 3) is returned.

Returns An XML string for this `Entity` instance. Default character encoding is `utf-8`.

```
class stix.base.EntityList(*args)
    Bases: mixbox.entities.EntityList, stix.base.Entity
```

Version: 1.1.1.8

stix.data_marking Module

Classes

```
class stix.data_marking.Marking(markings=None)
    Bases: stix.base.EntityList

class stix.data_marking.MarkingSpecification(controlled_structure=None, marking_structures=None)
    Bases: stix.base.Entity

class stix.data_marking.MarkingStructure
    Bases: stix.base.Entity
```

Functions

```
stix.data_marking.add_extension(cls)
```

Registers a `stix.Entity` class as an implementation of an xml type.

Classes must have an `_XSI_TYPE` class attributes to be registered. The value of this attribute must be a valid `xsi:type`.

Note: This was designed for internal use.

Constants

STIX Campaign

Modules located in the `stix.campaign` package

Version: 1.1.1.8

`stix.campaign` Module

Classes

class `stix.campaign.Campaign` (*id=None, idref=None, timestamp=None, title=None, description=None, short_description=None*)
Bases: `stix.base.BaseCoreComponent`

Implementation of the STIX Campaign.

Parameters

- **id** (*optional*) – An identifier. If `None`, a value will be generated via `mixbox.idgen.create_id()`. If set, this will unset the `idref` property.
- **idref** (*optional*) – An identifier reference. If set this will unset the `id_` property.
- **timestamp** (*optional*) – A timestamp value. Can be an instance of `datetime.datetime` or `str`.
- **description** – A description of the purpose or intent of this object.
- **short_description** – A short description of the intent or purpose of this object.
- **title** – The title of this object.

add_activity (*value*)

Adds an *Activity* object to the activity collection.

class `stix.campaign.AssociatedCampaigns` (*scope=None, *args*)
Bases: `stix.common.related.GenericRelationshipList`

class `stix.campaign.Attribution` (*scope=None, *args*)
Bases: `stix.common.related.GenericRelationshipList`

class `stix.campaign.Names` (**args*)
Bases: `stix.base.EntityList`

class `stix.campaign.RelatedIncidents` (*scope=None, *args*)
Bases: `stix.common.related.GenericRelationshipList`

class `stix.campaign.RelatedIndicators` (*scope=None, *args*)
Bases: `stix.common.related.GenericRelationshipList`

class `stix.campaign.RelatedTTPs` (*scope=None, *args*)
Bases: `stix.common.related.GenericRelationshipList`

STIX Common

Modules located in the `stix.common` package

Version: 1.1.1.8

stix.common Module

Classes

class stix.common.**EncodedCDATA** (*value=None, encoded=None*)
Bases: *stix.base.Entity*

Version: 1.1.1.8

stix.common.activity Module

Classes

class stix.common.activity.**Activity**
Bases: *stix.base.Entity*

Version: 1.1.1.8

stix.common.confidence Module

Classes

class stix.common.confidence.**Confidence** (*value=None, timestamp=None, description=None, source=None*)
Bases: *stix.base.Entity*

Version: 1.1.1.8

stix.common.datetimewithprecision Module

Classes

class stix.common.datetimewithprecision.**DateTimeWithPrecision** (*value=None, precision='second'*)
Bases: *stix.base.Entity*

Constants

stix.common.datetimewithprecision.**DATE_PRECISION_VALUES** = ('year', 'month', 'day')
tuple() -> empty tuple
tuple(iterable) -> tuple initialized from iterable's items

If the argument is a tuple, the return value is the same object.

stix.common.datetimewithprecision.**TIME_PRECISION_VALUES** = ('hour', 'minute', 'second')
tuple() -> empty tuple
tuple(iterable) -> tuple initialized from iterable's items

If the argument is a tuple, the return value is the same object.

stix.common.datetimewithprecision.**DATETIME_PRECISION_VALUES** = ('year', 'month', 'day', 'hour', 'minute', 'second')
tuple() -> empty tuple
tuple(iterable) -> tuple initialized from iterable's items

If the argument is a tuple, the return value is the same object.

Version: 1.1.1.8

stix.common.identity Module

Classes

```
class stix.common.identity.Identity(id_=None, idref=None, name=None, related_identities=None)
```

Bases: *stix.base.Entity*

```
class stix.common.identity.RelatedIdentities(*args)
```

Bases: *stix.base.EntityList*

Functions

```
stix.common.identity.add_extension(cls)
```

Registers a stix.Entity class as an implementation of an xml type.

Classes must have an `_XSI_TYPE` class attributes to be registered. The value of this attribute must be a valid xsi:type.

Note: This was designed for internal use.

Constants

Version: 1.1.1.8

stix.common.information_source Module

Classes

```
class stix.common.information_source.InformationSource(description=None, identity=None, time=None, tools=None, contributing_sources=None, references=None)
```

Bases: *stix.base.Entity*

```
class stix.common.information_source.ContributingSources(*args)
```

Bases: *stix.base.EntityList*

Version: 1.1.1.8

stix.common.kill_chains Module

Classes

```
class stix.common.kill_chains.KillChain(id_=None, name=None, definer=None, reference=None)
```

Bases: *stix.base.Entity*

```
class stix.common.kill_chains.KillChains(*args)
```

Bases: *stix.base.EntityList*

```
class stix.common.kill_chains.KillChainPhase (phase_id=None, name=None, ordinal-
                                              ity=None)
```

Bases: *stix.base.Entity*

```
class stix.common.kill_chains.KillChainPhaseReference (phase_id=None, name=None,
                                                         ordinality=None,
                                                         kill_chain_id=None,
                                                         kill_chain_name=None)
```

Bases: *stix.common.kill_chains.KillChainPhase*

```
class stix.common.kill_chains.KillChainPhasesReference (*args)
```

Bases: *stix.base.EntityList*

Lockheed Martin Kill Chain

There is a shortcuts for adding kill chain phases from the [Lockheed Martin Cyber Kill Chain](#) to indicators:

```
from stix.common.kill_chains.lmco import PHASE_RECONNAISSANCE
from stix.indicator import Indicator
i = Indicator()
i.add_kill_chain_phase(PHASE_RECONNAISSANCE)
print i.to_xml(include_namespaces=False)
```

```
<indicator:Indicator id="example:indicator-2bb1c0ea-7dd8-40fb-af64-7199f00719c1"
    timestamp="2015-03-17T19:14:22.797675+00:00" xsi:type='indicator:IndicatorType'>
  <indicator:Kill_Chain_Phases>
    <stixCommon:Kill_Chain_Phase phase_id="stix:TTP-af1016d6-a744-4ed7-ac91-00fe2272185a"/>
  </indicator:Kill_Chain_Phases>
</indicator:Indicator>
```

Version: 1.1.1.8

stix.common.related Module

Classes

```
class stix.common.related.GenericRelationship (confidence=None, informa-
                                              tion_source=None, relationship=None)
```

Bases: *stix.base.Entity*

```
class stix.common.related.GenericRelationshipList (scope=None, *args)
```

Bases: *stix.base.EntityList*

Base class for concrete GenericRelationshipList types.

Note: Subclasses must supply exactly one multiple TypedField.

```
class stix.common.related.RelatedPackageRef (idref=None, timestamp=None, confi-
                                              dence=None, information_source=None,
                                              relationship=None)
```

Bases: *stix.common.related.GenericRelationship*

```
class stix.common.related.RelatedPackageRefs (*args)
```

Bases: *stix.base.EntityList*

```
class stix.common.related._BaseRelated (item=None, confidence=None, informa-
                                         tion_source=None, relationship=None)
```

Bases: *stix.common.related.GenericRelationship*

A base class for related types.

This class is not a real STIX type and should not be directly instantiated.

Note: Subclasses must supply a TypedField named *item*!

```
class stix.common.related.RelatedCampaign (item=None, confidence=None, informa-
                                         tion_source=None, relationship=None)
    Bases: stix.common.related._BaseRelated
```

```
class stix.common.related.RelatedCOA (item=None, confidence=None, information_source=None,
                                       relationship=None)
    Bases: stix.common.related._BaseRelated
```

```
class stix.common.related.RelatedExploitTarget (item=None, confidence=None, informa-
                                                tion_source=None, relationship=None)
    Bases: stix.common.related._BaseRelated
```

```
class stix.common.related.RelatedIdentity (item=None, confidence=None, informa-
                                           tion_source=None, relationship=None)
    Bases: stix.common.related._BaseRelated
```

```
class stix.common.related.RelatedIncident (item=None, confidence=None, informa-
                                           tion_source=None, relationship=None)
    Bases: stix.common.related._BaseRelated
```

```
class stix.common.related.RelatedIndicator (item=None, confidence=None, informa-
                                             tion_source=None, relationship=None)
    Bases: stix.common.related._BaseRelated
```

```
class stix.common.related.RelatedObservable (item=None, confidence=None, informa-
                                              tion_source=None, relationship=None)
    Bases: stix.common.related._BaseRelated
```

```
class stix.common.related.RelatedThreatActor (item=None, confidence=None, informa-
                                              tion_source=None, relationship=None)
    Bases: stix.common.related._BaseRelated
```

```
class stix.common.related.RelatedTTP (item=None, confidence=None, information_source=None,
                                       relationship=None)
    Bases: stix.common.related._BaseRelated
```

Version: 1.1.1.8

stix.common.statement Module

Classes

```
class stix.common.statement.Statement (value=None, timestamp=None, description=None,
                                       source=None)
    Bases: stix.base.Entity
```

Version: 1.1.1.8

stix.common.structured_text Module

Classes

class `stix.common.structured_text.StructuredText` (*value=None*)

Bases: `stix.base.Entity`

Used for storing descriptive text elements.

id_

An id for the text element, typically used for controlled structure xpath selectors.

value

The text value of this object.

structuring_format

The format of the text. For example, html5.

__str__ ()

Returns a UTF-8 encoded string representation of the value.

__unicode__ ()

Returns a unicode string representation of the value.

to_dict ()

Converts this object into a dictionary representation.

Note: If no properties or attributes are set other than `value`, this will return a string.

Version: 1.1.1.8

`stix.common.tools` Module

Classes

class `stix.common.tools.ToolInformation` (*title=None*, *short_description=None*,

tool_name=None, *tool_vendor=None*)

Bases: `stix.base.Entity`, `cybox.common.tools.ToolInformation`

Version: 1.1.1.8

`stix.common.vocabs` Module

Classes

class `stix.common.vocabs.VocabString` (*value=None*)

Bases: `stix.base.Entity`

is_plain ()

Whether the VocabString can be represented as a single value.

`stix.common.vocabs.AssetType`

alias of `AssetType_1_0`

`stix.common.vocabs.AttackerInfrastructureType`

alias of `AttackerInfrastructureType_1_0`

`stix.common.vocabs.AttackerToolType`

alias of `AttackerToolType_1_0`

`stix.common.vocabs.AvailabilityLossType`
alias of `AvailabilityLossType_1_1_1`

`stix.common.vocabs.CampaignStatus`
alias of `CampaignStatus_1_0`

`stix.common.vocabs.COAStage`
alias of `COAStage_1_0`

`stix.common.vocabs.CourseOfActionType`
alias of `CourseOfActionType_1_0`

`stix.common.vocabs.DiscoveryMethod`
alias of `DiscoveryMethod_2_0`

`stix.common.vocabs.HighMediumLow`
alias of `HighMediumLow_1_0`

`stix.common.vocabs.ImpactQualification`
alias of `ImpactQualification_1_0`

`stix.common.vocabs.ImpactRating`
alias of `ImpactRating_1_0`

`stix.common.vocabs.IncidentCategory`
alias of `IncidentCategory_1_0`

`stix.common.vocabs.IncidentEffect`
alias of `IncidentEffect_1_0`

`stix.common.vocabs.IncidentStatus`
alias of `IncidentStatus_1_0`

`stix.common.vocabs.IndicatorType`
alias of `IndicatorType_1_1`

`stix.common.vocabs.InformationSourceRole`
alias of `InformationSourceRole_1_0`

`stix.common.vocabs.InformationType`
alias of `InformationType_1_0`

`stix.common.vocabs.IntendedEffect`
alias of `IntendedEffect_1_0`

`stix.common.vocabs.LocationClass`
alias of `LocationClass_1_0`

`stix.common.vocabs.LossDuration`
alias of `LossDuration_1_0`

`stix.common.vocabs.LossProperty`
alias of `LossProperty_1_0`

`stix.common.vocabs.MalwareType`
alias of `MalwareType_1_0`

`stix.common.vocabs.ManagementClass`
alias of `ManagementClass_1_0`

`stix.common.vocabs.Motivation`
alias of `Motivation_1_1`

`stix.common.vocabs.OwnershipClass`
alias of `OwnershipClass_1_0`

`stix.common.vocabs.PackageIntent`
alias of `PackageIntent_1_0`

`stix.common.vocabs.PlanningAndOperationalSupport`
alias of `PlanningAndOperationalSupport_1_0_1`

`stix.common.vocabs.SecurityCompromise`
alias of `SecurityCompromise_1_0`

`stix.common.vocabs.SystemType`
alias of `SystemType_1_0`

`stix.common.vocabs.ThreatActorSophistication`
alias of `ThreatActorSophistication_1_0`

`stix.common.vocabs.ThreatActorType`
alias of `ThreatActorType_1_0`

Functions

`stix.common.vocabs.add_vocab(cls)`
Registers a `VocabString` subclass.

Note: The `register_vocab()` class decorator has replaced this method.

Constants

STIX Core

Modules located in the `stix.core` package

Version: 1.1.1.8

`stix.core.stix_header` Module

Classes

`class stix.core.stix_header.STIXHeader` (*package_intents=None, description=None, handling=None, information_source=None, title=None, short_description=None*)

Bases: `stix.base.Entity`

The STIX Package Header.

Parameters

- **handling** – The data marking section of the Header.
- **information_source** – The *InformationSource* section of the Header.
- **package_intents** – A collection of *VocabString* defining the intent of the parent *STIXPackage*.
- **description** – A description of the intent or purpose of the parent *STIXPackage*.

- **short_description** – A short description of the intent or purpose of the parent *STIXPackage*.
- **title** – The title of the *STIXPackage*.

profiles

A collection of STIX Profiles the parent *STIXPackage* conforms to.

title

The title of the parent *STIXPackage*.

add_profile (*profile*)

Adds a profile to the STIX Header. A Profile is represented by a string URI.

Version: 1.1.1.8

stix.core.stix_package Module**Classes**

```
class stix.core.stix_package.STIXPackage(id_=None, idref=None, timestamp=None,
                                          stix_header=None, courses_of_action=None,
                                          exploit_targets=None, indicators=None,
                                          observables=None, incidents=None,
                                          threat_actors=None, ttps=None, campaigns=None,
                                          related_packages=None)
```

Bases: *stix.base.Entity*

A STIX Package object.

Parameters

- **id** (*optional*) – An identifier. If None, a value will be generated via `mixbox.idgen.create_id()`. If set, this will unset the `idref` property.
- **idref** – An identifier reference. If set this will unset the `id_` property.
- **timestamp** – A timestamp value. Can be an instance of `datetime.datetime` or `str`.
- **stix_header** – A Report Header object.
- **campaigns** – A collection of *Campaign* objects.
- **courses_of_action** – A collection of *CourseOfAction* objects.
- **exploit_targets** – A collection of *ExploitTarget* objects.
- **incidents** – A collection of *Incident* objects.
- **indicators** – A collection of *Indicator* objects.
- **threat_actors** – A collection of *ThreatActor* objects.
- **ttps** – A collection of *TTP* objects.
- **related_packages** – A collection of *RelatedPackage* objects.

add (*entity*)

Adds *entity* to a top-level collection. For example, if *entity* is an *Indicator* object, the *entity* will be added to the `indicators` top-level collection.

add_campaign (*campaign*)

Adds a *Campaign* object to the `campaigns` collection.

add_course_of_action (*course_of_action*)

Adds an *CourseOfAction* object to the *courses_of_action* collection.

add_exploit_target (*exploit_target*)

Adds an *ExploitTarget* object to the *exploit_targets* collection.

add_incident (*incident*)

Adds an *Incident* object to the *incidents* collection.

add_indicator (*indicator*)

Adds an *Indicator* object to the *indicators* collection.

add_observable (*observable*)

Adds an *Observable* object to the *observables* collection.

If *observable* is not an *Observable* instance, an effort will be made to convert it to one.

add_related_package (*related_package*)

Adds a *RelatedPackage* object to the *related_packages* collection.

add_threat_actor (*threat_actor*)

Adds an *ThreatActor* object to the *threat_actors* collection.

add_ttp (*ttp*)

Adds an *TTP* object to the *ttps* collection.

classmethod from_xml (*xml_file*, *encoding=None*)

Parses the *xml_file* file-like object and returns a *STIXPackage* instance.

Parameters

- **xml_file** – A file, file-like object, *etree._Element*, or *etree._ElementTree* instance.
- **encoding** – The character encoding of the *xml_file* input. If *None*, an attempt will be made to determine the input character encoding. Default is *None*.

Returns class:*STIXPackage*.

Return type An instance of

class *stix.core.stix_package.RelatedPackages* (*scope=None*, **args*)

Bases: *stix.common.related.GenericRelationshipList*

Version: 1.1.1.8

stix.core.ttps Module

Classes

class *stix.core.ttps.TTPs* (*ttps=None*)

Bases: *stix.base.EntityList*

STIX Course of Action (COA)

Modules located in the *stix.coa* package

Version: 1.1.1.8

stix.coa Module

Classes

class `stix.coa.CourseOfAction` (*id_=None, idref=None, timestamp=None, title=None, description=None, short_description=None*)

Bases: `stix.base.BaseCoreComponent`

Implementation of the STIX Course of Action.

Parameters

- **id** (*optional*) – An identifier. If `None`, a value will be generated via `mixbox.idgen.create_id()`. If set, this will unset the `idref` property.
- **idref** (*optional*) – An identifier reference. If set this will unset the `id_` property.
- **timestamp** (*optional*) – A timestamp value. Can be an instance of `datetime.datetime` or `str`.
- **description** – A description of the purpose or intent of this object.
- **short_description** – A short description of the intent or purpose of this object.
- **title** – The title of this object.

class `stix.coa.RelatedCOAs` (*scope=None, *args*)

Bases: `stix.common.related.GenericRelationshipList`

Version: 1.1.1.8

stix.coa.objective Module

Classes

class `stix.coa.objective.Objective` (*description=None, short_description=None*)

Bases: `stix.base.Entity`

STIX Exploit Target

Modules located in the `stix.exploit_target` package

Version: 1.1.1.8

stix.exploit_target Module

Overview

The `stix.exploit_target` module implements `ExploitTarget`. This denotes the specific vulnerability, weakness, or software configuration that creates a security risk.

Documentation Resources

- [ExploitTarget Data Model](#)
- [ExploitTarget Idioms](#)

Classes

class `stix.exploit_target.ExploitTarget` (*id=None, idref=None, timestamp=None, title=None, description=None, short_description=None*)

Bases: `stix.base.BaseCoreComponent`

Implementation of STIX Exploit Target.

Parameters

- **id** (*optional*) – An identifier. If `None`, a value will be generated via `mixbox.idgen.create_id()`. If set, this will unset the `idref` property.
- **idref** (*optional*) – An identifier reference. If set this will unset the `id_` property.
- **title** (*optional*) – A string title.
- **timestamp** (*optional*) – A timestamp value. Can be an instance of `datetime.datetime` or `str`.
- **description** (*optional*) – A string description.
- **short_description** (*optional*) – A string short description.

add_configuration (*value*)

Adds a configuration to the `configurations` list property.

Note: If `None` is passed in no value is added

Parameters *value* – A configuration value.

Raises `ValueError` – If the *value* param is of type `Configuration`

add_vulnerability (*value*)

Adds a vulnerability to the `vulnerabilities` list property.

Note: If `None` is passed in no value is added

Parameters *value* – A `Vulnerability` object..

Raises `ValueError` – if the *value* param is of type `Vulnerability`

add_weakness (*value*)

Adds a weakness to the `weaknesses` list property.

Note: If `None` is passed in no value is added

Parameters *value* – A `Weakness` object.

Raises: `ValueError` if the *value* param is of type `Weakness`

class `stix.exploit_target.PotentialCOAs` (*coas=None, scope=None*)

Bases: `stix.common.related.GenericRelationshipList`

A list of `Potential_COA` objects, defaults to empty array

class `stix.exploit_target.RelatedExploitTargets` (*related_exploit_targets=None, scope=None*)

Bases: `stix.common.related.GenericRelationshipList`

A list of RelatedExploitTargets objects, defaults to empty array

Version: 1.1.1.8

stix.exploit_target.configuration Module

Overview

The `stix.exploit_target.configuration` module captures the software configuration that causes a vulnerability in a system.

Classes

class `stix.exploit_target.configuration.Configuration` (*description=None, short_description=None, cce_id=None*)

Bases: `stix.base.Entity`

Implementation of STIX Configuration.

Parameters

- **cce_id** (*optional*) – Common Configuration Enumeration value as a string
- **description** (*optional*) – A string description.
- **short_description** (*optional*) – A string short description.

Version: 1.1.1.8

stix.exploit_target.vulnerability Module

Overview

The `stix.exploit_target.vulnerability` module captures the software version and specific bug that causes an exploitable condition.

Classes

class `stix.exploit_target.vulnerability.Vulnerability` (*title=None, description=None, short_description=None*)

Bases: `stix.base.Entity`

Implementation of STIX Vulnerability.

Parameters

- **title** (*optional*) – A string title.
- **description** (*optional*) – A string description.
- **short_description** (*optional*) – A string short description.

class `stix.exploit_target.vulnerability.CVSSVector`

Bases: `stix.base.Entity`

Common Vulnerability Scoring System object, representing its component measures

```
class stix.exploit_target.vulnerability.AffectedSoftware(scope=None, *args)
    Bases: stix.common.related.GenericRelationshipList
```

Version: 1.1.1.8

stix.exploit_target.weakness Module

Overview

The `stix.exploit_target.weakness` module captures a given software weakness as enumerated by CWE

Classes

```
class stix.exploit_target.weakness.Weakness(description=None, cwe_id=None)
    Bases: stix.base.Entity
```

Implementation of STIX Weakness.

Parameters

- **cwe_id** (*optional*) – Common Weakness Enumeration value as a string
- **description** (*optional*) – A string description.

STIX Extensions

Modules located in the `stix.extensions` package

Version: 1.1.1.8

stix.extensions.identity.ciq_identity_3_0 Module

Classes

```
class stix.extensions.identity.ciq_identity_3_0.CIQIdentity3_0Instance(roles=None,
                                                                    spec-
                                                                    ifica-
                                                                    tion=None)
    Bases: stix.common.identity.Identity
```

```
class stix.extensions.identity.ciq_identity_3_0.STIXCIQIdentity3_0(party_name=None,
                                                                    lan-
                                                                    guages=None,
                                                                    ad-
                                                                    dresses=None,
                                                                    organisa-
                                                                    tion_info=None,
                                                                    elec-
                                                                    tronic_address_identifiers=None,
                                                                    free_text_lines=None,
                                                                    con-
                                                                    tact_numbers=None,
                                                                    nationali-
                                                                    ties=None)
```

Bases: *stix.base.Entity*

```
class stix.extensions.identity.ciq_identity_3_0.Address (free_text_address=None,
country=None, administrative_area=None)
```

Bases: *stix.base.Entity*

```
class stix.extensions.identity.ciq_identity_3_0.AdministrativeArea (name_elements=None)
```

Bases: *stix.base.Entity*

```
class stix.extensions.identity.ciq_identity_3_0._BaseNameElement (value=None)
```

Bases: *stix.base.Entity*

Do not instantiate directly: use *PersonNameElement* or *OrganisationNameElement*

```
class stix.extensions.identity.ciq_identity_3_0.ContactNumber (contact_number_elements=None,
communication_media_type=None)
```

Bases: *stix.base.Entity*

```
class stix.extensions.identity.ciq_identity_3_0.ContactNumberElement (value=None,
type_=None)
```

Bases: *stix.base.Entity*

```
class stix.extensions.identity.ciq_identity_3_0.Country (name_elements=None)
```

Bases: *stix.base.Entity*

```
class stix.extensions.identity.ciq_identity_3_0.ElectronicAddressIdentifier (value=None,
type_=None)
```

Bases: *stix.base.Entity*

```
class stix.extensions.identity.ciq_identity_3_0.FreeTextAddress (address_lines=None)
```

Bases: *stix.base.Entity*

```
class stix.extensions.identity.ciq_identity_3_0.FreeTextLine (value=None,
type_=None)
```

Bases: *stix.base.Entity*

```
class stix.extensions.identity.ciq_identity_3_0.Language (value=None)
```

Bases: *stix.base.Entity*

```
class stix.extensions.identity.ciq_identity_3_0.NameElement (value=None,
name_type=None,
name_code=None,
name_code_type=None)
```

Bases: *stix.base.Entity*

```
class stix.extensions.identity.ciq_identity_3_0.NameLine (value=None, type_=None)
```

Bases: *stix.base.Entity*

```
class stix.extensions.identity.ciq_identity_3_0.OrganisationInfo (industry_type=None)
```

Bases: *stix.base.Entity*

```
class stix.extensions.identity.ciq_identity_3_0.OrganisationName (name_elements=None,
subdivision_names=None,
type_=None)
```

Bases: *stix.base.Entity*

```
class stix.extensions.identity.ciq_identity_3_0.OrganisationNameElement (value=None,
element_type=None)
```

Bases: *stix.extensions.identity.ciq_identity_3_0._BaseNameElement*

```
class stix.extensions.identity.ciq_identity_3_0.PartyName (name_lines=None, person_names=None, organization_names=None)
    Bases: stix.base.Entity

class stix.extensions.identity.ciq_identity_3_0.PersonName (name_elements=None)
    Bases: stix.base.Entity

class stix.extensions.identity.ciq_identity_3_0.PersonNameElement (value=None, element_type=None)
    Bases: stix.extensions.identity.ciq_identity_3_0._BaseNameElement

class stix.extensions.identity.ciq_identity_3_0.SubDivisionName (value=None, type_=None)
    Bases: stix.base.Entity
```

Constants

```
stix.extensions.identity.ciq_identity_3_0.XML_NS_XPIL = 'urn:oasis:names:tc:ciq:xpil:3'
str(object='') -> string
```

Return a nice string representation of the object. If the argument is a string, the return value is the same object.

```
stix.extensions.identity.ciq_identity_3_0.XML_NS_XNL = 'urn:oasis:names:tc:ciq:xnl:3'
str(object='') -> string
```

Return a nice string representation of the object. If the argument is a string, the return value is the same object.

```
stix.extensions.identity.ciq_identity_3_0.XML_NS_XAL = 'urn:oasis:names:tc:ciq:xal:3'
str(object='') -> string
```

Return a nice string representation of the object. If the argument is a string, the return value is the same object.

```
stix.extensions.identity.ciq_identity_3_0.XML_NS_STIX_EXT = 'http://stix.mitre.org/extensions/Identity#CIQ'
str(object='') -> string
```

Return a nice string representation of the object. If the argument is a string, the return value is the same object.

Version: 1.1.1.8

stix.extensions.malware.maec_4_1_malware Module

Classes

```
class stix.extensions.malware.maec_4_1_malware.MAECInstance (maec=None)
    Bases: stix.ttp.malware_instance.MalwareInstance
```

Version: 1.1.1.8

stix.extensions.marking.simple_marking Module

Classes

```
class stix.extensions.marking.simple_marking.SimpleMarkingStructure (statement=None)
    Bases: stix.data_marking.MarkingStructure
```

Version: 1.1.1.8

stix.extensions.marking.terms_of_use_marking Module**Classes**

class stix.extensions.marking.terms_of_use_marking.**TermsOfUseMarkingStructure** (*terms_of_use=None*)
Bases: *stix.data_marking.MarkingStructure*

Version: 1.1.1.8

stix.extensions.marking.tlp Module**Classes**

class stix.extensions.marking.tlp.**TLPMarkingStructure** (*color=None*)
Bases: *stix.data_marking.MarkingStructure*

Version: 1.1.1.8

stix.extensions.test_mechanism.generic_test_mechanism Module**Classes**

class stix.extensions.test_mechanism.generic_test_mechanism.**GenericTestMechanism** (*id_=None, idref=None*)
Bases: *stix.indicator.test_mechanism._BaseTestMechanism*

Version: 1.1.1.8

stix.extensions.test_mechanism.open_ioc_2010_test_mechanism Module**Classes**

class stix.extensions.test_mechanism.open_ioc_2010_test_mechanism.**OpenIOCTestMechanism** (*id_=None, idref=None*)
Bases: *stix.indicator.test_mechanism._BaseTestMechanism*

Version: 1.1.1.8

stix.extensions.test_mechanism.snort_test_mechanism Module**Classes**

class stix.extensions.test_mechanism.snort_test_mechanism.**SnortTestMechanism** (*id_=None, idref=None*)
Bases: *stix.indicator.test_mechanism._BaseTestMechanism*

Version: 1.1.1.8

stix.extensions.test_mechanism.yara_test_mechanism Module

Classes

class stix.extensions.test_mechanism.yara_test_mechanism.**YaraTestMechanism**(*id_=None, idref=None*)
Bases: *stix.indicator.test_mechanism._BaseTestMechanism*

STIX Incident

Modules located in the `stix.incident` package

Version: 1.1.1.8

stix.incident Module

Classes

class stix.incident.**Incident**(*id_=None, idref=None, timestamp=None, title=None, description=None, short_description=None*)
Bases: `stix.base.BaseCoreComponent`

Implementation of the STIX Incident.

Parameters

- **id** (*optional*) – An identifier. If `None`, a value will be generated via `mixbox.idgen.create_id()`. If set, this will unset the `idref` property.
- **idref** (*optional*) – An identifier reference. If set this will unset the `id_` property.
- **timestamp** (*optional*) – A timestamp value. Can be an instance of `datetime.datetime` or `str`.
- **description** – A description of the purpose or intent of this object.
- **short_description** – A short description of the intent or purpose of this object.
- **title** – The title of this object.

add_affected_asset(*v*)

Adds a *AffectedAsset* object to the `affected_assets` collection.

add_category(*category*)

Adds a *VocabString* object to the `categories` collection.

If *category* is a string, an attempt will be made to convert it into an instance of `IncidentCategory`.

add_coa_requested(*value*)

Adds a *COARequested* object to the `coas_requested` collection.

add_coa_taken(*value*)

Adds a *COATaken* object to the `coas_taken` collection.

add_coordinator(*value*)

Adds a *InformationSource* object to the `coordinators` collection.

add_discovery_method(*value*)

Adds a *VocabString* object to the `discovery_methods` collection.

If *value* is a string, an attempt will be made to convert it to an instance of `DiscoveryMethod`.

add_external_id(*value*)

Adds a *ExternalID* object to the external_ids collection.

add_intended_effect(*value*)

Adds a *Statement* object to the intended_effects collection.

If *value* is a string, an attempt will be made to convert it into an instance of *Statement*.

add_leveraged_ttps(*ttp*)

Adds a *RelatedTTP* value to the leveraged_ttps collection.

add_related_indicator(*value*)

Adds an Related Indicator to the related_indicators list property of this *Incident*.

The *indicator* parameter must be an instance of *RelatedIndicator* or *Indicator*.

If the *indicator* parameter is None, no item will be added to the related_indicators list property.

Calling this method is the same as calling `append()` on the related_indicators property.

See also:

The *RelatedIndicators* documentation.

Note: If the *indicator* parameter is not an instance of *RelatedIndicator* an attempt will be made to convert it to one.

Parameters *value* – An instance of *Indicator* or *RelatedIndicator*.

Raises *ValueError* – If the *indicator* parameter cannot be converted into an instance of *RelatedIndicator*

add_related_observable(*value*)

Adds a Related Observable to the related_observables list property of this *Incident*.

The *observable* parameter must be an instance of *RelatedObservable* or *Observable*.

If the *observable* parameter is None, no item will be added to the related_observables list property.

Calling this method is the same as calling `append()` on the related_observables property.

See also:

The *RelatedObservables* documentation.

Note: If the *observable* parameter is not an instance of *RelatedObservable* an attempt will be made to convert it to one.

Parameters *observable* – An instance of *Observable* or *RelatedObservable*.

Raises *ValueError* – If the *value* parameter cannot be converted into an instance of *RelatedObservable*

add_responder(*value*)

Adds a *InformationSource* object to the responders collection.

add_victim(*victim*)

Adds a *IdentityType* value to the victims collection.

class `stix.incident.AttributedThreatActors`(*scope=None, *args*)

Bases: `stix.common.related.GenericRelationshipList`

```
class stix.incident.LeveragedTTPs (scope=None, *args)
    Bases: stix.common.related.GenericRelationshipList

class stix.incident.RelatedIndicators (scope=None, *args)
    Bases: stix.common.related.GenericRelationshipList

class stix.incident.RelatedObservables (scope=None, *args)
    Bases: stix.common.related.GenericRelationshipList

class stix.incident.RelatedIncidents (scope=None, *args)
    Bases: stix.common.related.GenericRelationshipList
```

Version: 1.1.1.8

stix.incident.affected_asset Module

Classes

```
class stix.incident.affected_asset.AffectedAsset
    Bases: stix.base.Entity

class stix.incident.affected_asset.AssetType (value=None, count_affected=None)
    Bases: stix.common.vocabs.VocabString

    is_plain()
        Override VocabString.is_plain()
```

Version: 1.1.1.8

stix.incident.coa Module

Classes

```
class stix.incident.coa.COATaken (course_of_action=None)
    Bases: stix.base.Entity

class stix.incident.coa.COATime (start=None, end=None)
    Bases: stix.base.Entity
```

Version: 1.1.1.8

stix.incident.contributors Module

Classes

```
class stix.incident.contributors.Contributors (*args)
    Bases: stix.base.EntityList
```

Version: 1.1.1.8

stix.incident.direct_impact_summary Module

Classes

```
class stix.incident.direct_impact_summary.DirectImpactSummary  
    Bases: stix.base.Entity
```

Version: 1.1.1.8

`stix.incident.external_id` Module

Classes

```
class stix.incident.external_id.ExternalID(value=None, source=None)  
    Bases: stix.base.Entity
```

Version: 1.1.1.8

`stix.incident.history` Module

Classes

```
class stix.incident.history.History(*args)  
    Bases: stix.base.EntityList  
  
class stix.incident.history.HistoryItem  
    Bases: stix.base.Entity  
  
class stix.incident.history.JournalEntry(value=None)  
    Bases: stix.base.Entity
```

Version: 1.1.1.8

`stix.incident.impact_assessment` Module

Classes

```
class stix.incident.impact_assessment.ImpactAssessment  
    Bases: stix.base.Entity
```

Version: 1.1.1.8

`stix.incident.indirect_impact_summary` Module

Classes

```
class stix.incident.indirect_impact_summary.IndirectImpactSummary  
    Bases: stix.base.Entity
```

Version: 1.1.1.8

`stix.incident.loss_estimation` Module

Classes

class `stix.incident.loss_estimation.LossEstimation`
Bases: `stix.base.Entity`

Version: 1.1.1.8

`stix.incident.property_affected` Module

Classes

class `stix.incident.property_affected.PropertyAffected`
Bases: `stix.base.Entity`

class `stix.incident.property_affected.NonPublicDataCompromised` (*value=None, data_encrypted=None*)
Bases: `stix.common.vocabs.VocabString`

Version: 1.1.1.8

`stix.incident.time` Module

Classes

class `stix.incident.time.Time` (*first_malicious_action=None, first_data_exfiltration=None, incident_discovery=None, incident_opened=None, containment_achieved=None, restoration_achieved=None, incident_reported=None, incident_closed=None*)
Bases: `stix.base.Entity`

Version: 1.1.1.8

`stix.incident.total_loss_estimation` Module

Classes

class `stix.incident.total_loss_estimation.TotalLossEstimation`
Bases: `stix.base.Entity`

STIX Indicator

Modules located in the `stix.indicator` package

Version: 1.1.1.8

stix.indicator.indicator Module

Overview

The `stix.indicator.indicator` module implements `IndicatorType` STIX Language construct. The `IndicatorType` characterizes a cyber threat indicator made up of a pattern identifying certain observable conditions as well as contextual information about the patterns meaning, how and when it should be acted on, etc.

Documentation Resources

- [Indicator Data Model](#)
- [Indicator Idioms](#)

Classes

```
class stix.indicator.indicator.Indicator(id_=None, idref=None, times-
                                         tamp=None, title=None, description=None,
                                         short_description=None)
```

Bases: `stix.base.BaseCoreComponent`

Implementation of the STIX Indicator.

Parameters

- **id** (*optional*) – An identifier. If `None`, a value will be generated via `mixbox.idgen.create_id()`. If set, this will unset the `idref` property.
- **idref** (*optional*) – An identifier reference. If set this will unset the `id_` property.
- **title** (*optional*) – A string title.
- **timestamp** (*optional*) – A timestamp value. Can be an instance of `datetime.datetime` or `str`.
- **description** (*optional*) – A string description.
- **short_description** (*optional*) – A string short description.

add_alternative_id(*value*)

Adds an alternative id to the `alternative_id` list property.

Note: If `None` is passed in no value is added to the `alternative_id` list property.

Parameters *value* – An identifier value.

add_indicated_ttp(*v*)

Adds an Indicated TTP to the `indicated_ttps` list property of this *Indicator*.

The *v* parameter must be an instance of `stix.common.related.RelatedTTP` or `stix.ttp.TTP`.

If the *v* parameter is `None`, no item will be added to the `indicated_ttps` list property.

Note: If the *v* parameter is not an instance of `stix.common.related.RelatedTTP` an attempt will be made to convert it to one.

Parameters *v* – An instance of `stix.common.related.RelatedTTP` or `stix.ttp.TTP`.

Raises `ValueError` – If the *v* parameter cannot be converted into an instance of `stix.common.related.RelatedTTP`

add_indicator_type (*value*)

Adds a value to the `indicator_types` list property.

The *value* parameter can be a `str` or an instance of `stix.common.vocabs.VocabString`.

Note: If the *value* parameter is a `str` instance, an attempt will be made to convert it into an instance of `stix.common.vocabs.IndicatorType`

Parameters *value* – An instance of `stix.common.vocabs.VocabString` or `str`.

Raises `ValueError` – If the *value* param is a `str` instance that cannot be converted into an instance of `stix.common.vocabs.IndicatorType`.

add_kill_chain_phase (*value*)

Add a new Kill Chain Phase reference to this Indicator.

Parameters *value* – a `stix.common.kill_chains.KillChainPhase` or a `str` representing the `phase_id` of. Note that you if you are defining a custom Kill Chain, you need to add it to the STIX package separately.

add_object (*object_*)

Adds a python-cybox Object instance to the `observables` list property.

This is the same as calling `indicator.add_observable(object_)`.

Note: If the *object* param is not an instance of `cybox.core.Object` an attempt will be made to convert it into one before wrapping it in an `cybox.core.Observable` layer.

Parameters *object* – An instance of `cybox.core.Object` or an object that can be converted into an instance of `cybox.core.Observable`

Raises `ValueError` – if the *object_* param cannot be converted to an instance of `cybox.core.Observable`.

add_observable (*observable*)

Adds an observable to the `observable` property of the *Indicator*.

If the *observable* parameter is `None`, no item will be added to the `observable` property.

Note: The STIX Language dictates that an *Indicator* can have only one `Observable` under it. Because of this, when a user adds another `Observable` a new, empty `Observable` will be created and appended to the existing and new `observable` using the `ObservableComposition` property. To access the top level `Observable` can be achieved by the `observable` property. By default, the operator of the composition layer will be set to "OR". The operator value can be changed via the `observable_composition_operator` property.

Setting `observable` or `observables` with re-initialize the property and lose all `Observable` in the composition layer.

Parameters *observable* – An instance of `cybox.core.Observable` or an object type that can be converted into one.

Raises `ValueError` – If the *observable* param cannot be converted into an instance of `cybox.core.Observable`.

add_related_campaign(*value*)

Adds a Related Campaign to this Indicator.

The *value* parameter must be an instance of `RelatedCampaignRef` or `CampaignRef`.

If the *value* parameter is `None`, no item will be added to the `related_campaigns` collection.

Calling this method is the same as calling `append()` on the `related_campaigns` property.

See also:

The `RelatedCampaignRef` documentation.

Note: If the *value* parameter is not an instance of `RelatedCampaignRef` an attempt will be made to convert it to one.

Parameters *value* – An instance of `RelatedCampaignRef` or `Campaign`.

Raises `ValueError` – If the *value* parameter cannot be converted into an instance of `RelatedCampaignRef`

add_related_indicator(*indicator*)

Adds an Related Indicator to the `related_indicators` list property of this *Indicator*.

The *indicator* parameter must be an instance of `stix.common.related.RelatedIndicator` or *Indicator*.

If the *indicator* parameter is `None`, no item will be added to the `related_indicators` list property.

Calling this method is the same as calling `append()` on the `related_indicators` proeprty.

See also:

The `RelatedIndicators` documentation.

Note: If the *tm* parameter is not an instance of `stix.common.related.RelatedIndicator` an attempt will be made to convert it to one.

Parameters *indicator* – An instance of *Indicator* or `stix.common.related.RelatedIndicator`.

Raises `ValueError` – If the *indicator* parameter cannot be converted into an instance of `stix.common.related.RelatedIndicator`

add_test_mechanism(*tm*)

Adds an Test Mechanism to the `test_mechanisms` list property of this *Indicator*.

The *tm* parameter must be an instance of a `stix.indicator.test_mechanism._BaseTestMechanism` implementation.

If the *tm* parameter is `None`, no item will be added to the `test_mechanisms` list property.

See also:

Test Mechanism implementations are found under the `stix.extensions.test_mechanism` package.

Parameters `tm` – An instance of a `stix.indicator.test_mechanism._BaseTestMechanism` implementation.

Raises `ValueError` – If the `tm` parameter is not an instance of `stix.indicator.test_mechanism._BaseTestMechanism`

add_valid_time_position (*value*)

Adds an valid time position to the `valid_time_positions` property list.

If *value* is `None`, no item is added to the `value_time_positions` list.

Parameters `value` – An instance of `stix.indicator.valid_time.ValidTime`.

Raises `ValueError` – If the *value* argument is not an instance of `stix.indicator.valid_time.ValidTime`.

get_produced_time ()

Gets the produced time for this *Indicator*.

This is the same as calling `produced_time = indicator.producer.time.produced_time`.

Returns `None` or an instance of `cybox.common.DateTimeWithPrecision`.

get_received_time ()

Gets the received time for this *Indicator*.

This is the same as calling `received_time = indicator.producer.time.received_time`.

Returns `None` or an instance of `cybox.common.DateTimeWithPrecision`.

observables

A list of `cybox.core.Observable` instances. This can be set to a single object instance or a list of objects.

Note: If only one `Observable` is set, this property will return a list with the `observable` property.

If multiple `cybox.core.Observable` this property will return `Observables` under the `cybox.core.ObservableComposition`.

Access to the top level `cybox.core.Observable` is made via `observable` property.

Default Value: Empty list.

Returns A list of `cybox.core.Observable` instances.

set_produced_time (*produced_time*)

Sets the `produced_time` property of the producer property instance fo *produced_time*.

This is the same as calling `indicator.producer.time.produced_time = produced_time`.

The *produced_time* parameter must be an instance of `str`, `datetime.datetime`, or `cybox.common.DateTimeWithPrecision`.

Note: If *produced_time* is a `str` or `datetime.datetime` instance an attempt will be made to convert it into an instance of `cybox.common.DateTimeWithPrecision`.

Parameters `produced_time` – An instance of `str`, `datetime.datetime`, or `cybox.common.DateTimeWithPrecision`.

set_producer_identity (*identity*)

Sets the name of the producer of this indicator.

This is the same as calling `indicator.producer.identity.name = identity`.

If the `producer` property is `None`, it will be initialized to an instance of `stix.common.information_source.InformationSource`.

If the `identity` property of the producer instance is `None`, it will be initialized to an instance of `stix.common.identity.Identity`.

Note: if the *identity* parameter is not an instance `stix.common.identity.Identity` an attempt will be made to convert it to one.

Parameters `identity` – An instance of `str` or `stix.common.identity.Identity`.

set_received_time (*received_time*)

Sets the received time for this *Indicator*.

This is the same as calling `indicator.producer.time.produced_time = produced_time`.

The *received_time* parameter must be an instance of `str`, `datetime.datetime`, or `cybox.common.DateTimeWithPrecision`.

Parameters `received_time` – An instance of `str`, `datetime.datetime`, or `cybox.common.DateTimeWithPrecision`.

Note: If *received_time* is a `str` or `datetime.datetime` instance an attempt will be made to convert it into an instance of `cybox.common.DateTimeWithPrecision`.

class `stix.indicator.indicator.CompositeIndicatorExpression` (*operator*='OR', *args)

Bases: `mixbox.entities.EntityList`

Implementation of the STIX `CompositeIndicatorExpressionType`.

The `CompositeIndicatorExpression` class implements methods found on `collections.MutableSequence` and as such can be interacted with as a list (e.g., `append()`).

Note: The `append()` method can only accept instances of *Indicator*.

Examples

Add a *Indicator* instance to an instance of *CompositeIndicatorExpression*:

```
>>> i = Indicator()
>>> comp = CompositeIndicatorExpression()
>>> comp.append(i)
```

Create a *CompositeIndicatorExpression* from a list of *Indicator* instances using **args* argument list:

```
>>> list_indicators = [Indicator() for i in xrange(10)]
>>> comp = CompositeIndicatorExpression(CompositeIndicatorExpression.OP_OR, *list_indicators)
>>> len(comp)
10
```

Parameters

- **operator** (*str, optional*) – The logical composition operator. Must be "AND" or "OR".
- ***args** – Variable length argument list of *Indicator* instances.

OP_AND

str

String "AND"

OP_OR

str

String "OR"

OPERATORS

tuple

Tuple of allowed operator values.

operator

str

The logical composition operator. Must be "AND" or "OR".

class `stix.indicator.indicator.RelatedIndicators` (*related_indicators=None, scope=None*)

Bases: `stix.common.related.GenericRelationshipList`

The `RelatedIndicators` class provides functionality for adding `stix.common.related.RelatedIndicator` instances to an *Indicator* instance.

The `RelatedIndicators` class implements methods found on `collections.MutableSequence` and as such can be interacted with as a list (e.g., `append()`).

The `append()` method can accept instances of `stix.common.related.RelatedIndicator` or *Indicator* as an argument.

Note: Calling `append()` with an instance of `stix.coa.CourseOfAction` will wrap that instance in a `stix.common.related.RelatedIndicator` layer, with `item` set to the *Indicator* instance.

Examples

Append an instance of *Indicator* to the `Indicator.related_indicators` property. The instance of *Indicator* will be wrapped in an instance of `stix.common.related.RelatedIndicator`:

```
>>> related = Indicator()
>>> parent_indicator = Indicator()
>>> parent_indicator.related_indicators.append(related)
>>> print(type(indicator.related_indicators[0]))
<class 'stix.common.related.RelatedIndicator'>
```

Iterate over the `related_indicators` property of an *Indicator* instance and print the ids of each underlying *Indicator* instance:

```
>>> for related in indicator.related_indicators:
>>>     print(related.item.id_)
```

Parameters

- **related_indicators** (*list, optional*) – A list of *Indicator* or *stix.common.related.RelatedIndicator* instances.
- **scope** (*str, optional*) – The scope of the items. Can be set to "inclusive" or "exclusive". See *stix.common.related.GenericRelationshipList* documentation for more information.

scope

str

The scope of the items. Can be set to "inclusive" or "exclusive". See *stix.common.related.GenericRelationshipList* documentation for more information.

class *stix.indicator.indicator.SuggestedCOAs* (*suggested_coas=None, scope=None*)

Bases: *stix.common.related.GenericRelationshipList*

The SuggestedCOAs class provides functionality for adding *stix.common.related.RelatedCOA* instances to an *Indicator* instance.

The SuggestedCOAs class implements methods found on *collections.MutableSequence* and as such can be interacted with as a list (e.g., `append()`).

The `append()` method can accept instances of *stix.common.related.RelatedCOA* or *stix.coa.CourseOfAction* as an argument.

Note: Calling `append()` with an instance of *stix.coa.CourseOfAction* will wrap that instance in a *stix.common.related.RelatedCOA* layer, with the `item` set to the *stix.coa.CourseOfAction* instance.

Examples

Append an instance of *stix.coa.CourseOfAction* to the `Indicator.suggested_coas` property. The instance of *stix.coa.CourseOfAction* will be wrapped in an instance of *stix.common.related.RelatedCOA*.

```
>>> coa = CourseOfAction()
>>> indicator = Indicator()
>>> indicator.suggested_coas.append(coa)
>>> print(type(indicator.suggested_coas[0]))
<class 'stix.common.related.RelatedCOA'>
```

Iterate over the `suggested_coas` property of an *Indicator* instance and print the ids of each underlying *stix.coa.CourseOfAction* instance.

```
>>> for related_coa in indicator.suggested_coas:
>>>     print(related_coa.item.id_)
```

Parameters

- **suggested_coas** (*list*) – A list of *stix.coa.CourseOfAction* or *stix.common.related.RelatedCOA* instances.

- **scope** (*str*) – The scope of the items. Can be set to "inclusive" or "exclusive". See [stix.common.related.GenericRelationshipList](#) documentation for more information.

scope
str

The scope of the items. Can be set to "inclusive" or "exclusive". See [stix.common.related.GenericRelationshipList](#) documentation for more information.

class `stix.indicator.indicator.IndicatorTypes` (*args)

Bases: `stix.base.TypedList`

A [stix.common.vocabs.VocabString](#) collection which defaults to [stix.common.vocabs.IndicatorType](#). This class implements methods found on `collections.MutableSequence` and as such can be interacted with like a list.

Note: The `append()` method can accept `str` or [stix.common.vocabs.VocabString](#) instances. If a `str` instance is passed in, an attempt will be made to convert it to an instance of [stix.common.vocabs.IndicatorType](#).

Examples

Add an instance of [stix.common.vocabs.IndicatorType](#):

```
>>> from stix.common.vocabs import IndicatorType
>>> itypes = IndicatorTypes()
>>> type_ = IndicatorType(IndicatorType.TERM_IP_WATCHLIST)
>>> itypes.append(type_)
>>> print(len(itypes))
1
```

Add a string value:

```
>>> from stix.common.vocabs import IndicatorType
>>> itypes = IndicatorTypes()
>>> type(IndicatorType.TERM_IP_WATCHLIST)
<type 'str'>
>>> itypes.append(IndicatorType.TERM_IP_WATCHLIST)
>>> print(len(itypes))
1
```

Parameters *args – Variable length argument list of strings or [stix.common.vocabs.VocabString](#) instances.

Version: 1.1.1.8

stix.indicator.sightings Module

Classes

class `stix.indicator.sightings.Sighting` (timestamp=None, timestamp_precision=None, description=None)

Bases: [stix.base.Entity](#)

class `stix.indicator.sightings.Sightings` (*sightings_count=None, *args*)
Bases: *stix.base.EntityList*

class `stix.indicator.sightings.RelatedObservables` (*scope=None, *args*)
Bases: *stix.common.related.GenericRelationshipList*

Version: 1.1.1.8

stix.indicator.test_mechanism Module

Classes

class `stix.indicator.test_mechanism._BaseTestMechanism` (*id_=None, idref=None*)
Bases: *stix.base.Entity*

Functions

`stix.indicator.test_mechanism.add_extension` (*cls*)
Registers a `stix.Entity` class as an implementation of an xml type.

Classes must have an `_XSI_TYPE` class attributes to be registered. The value of this attribute must be a valid `xsi:type`.

Note: This was designed for internal use.

Constants

Version: 1.1.1.8

stix.indicator.valid_time Module

Classes

class `stix.indicator.valid_time.ValidTime` (*start_time=None, end_time=None*)
Bases: `mixbox.entities.Entity`

STIX Threat Actor

Modules located in the `stix.threat_actor` package

Version: 1.1.1.8

stix.threat_actor Module

Classes

class `stix.threat_actor.ThreatActor` (*id_=None, idref=None, timestamp=None, title=None, description=None, short_description=None*)
Bases: `stix.base.BaseCoreComponent`

Implementation of the STIX Threat Actor.

Parameters

- **id** (*optional*) – An identifier. If `None`, a value will be generated via `mixbox.idgen.create_id()`. If set, this will unset the `idref` property.
- **idref** (*optional*) – An identifier reference. If set this will unset the `id_` property.
- **timestamp** (*optional*) – A timestamp value. Can be an instance of `datetime.datetime` or `str`.
- **description** – A description of the purpose or intent of this object.
- **short_description** – A short description of the intent or purpose of this object.
- **title** – The title of this object.

add_intended_effect (*value*)

Adds a *Statement* object to the `intended_effects` collection.

If *value* is a string, an attempt will be made to convert it into an instance of *Statement*.

add_motivation (*value*)

Adds a *Motivation* object to the `motivations` collection.

add_planning_and_operational_support (*value*)

Adds a *VocabString* object to the `planning_and_operational_supports` collection.

If *value* is a string, an attempt will be made to convert it to an instance of *PlanningAndOperationalSupport*.

add_sophistication (*value*)

Adds a *VocabString* object to the `sophistications` collection.

If *value* is a string, an attempt will be made to convert it to an instance of *ThreatActorSophistication*.

add_type (*value*)

Adds a *VocabString* object to the `types` collection.

If set to a string, an attempt will be made to convert it into an instance of *ThreatActorType*.

```
class stix.threat_actor.AssociatedActors (scope=None, *args)
```

Bases: *stix.common.related.GenericRelationshipList*

```
class stix.threat_actor.AssociatedCampaigns (scope=None, *args)
```

Bases: *stix.common.related.GenericRelationshipList*

```
class stix.threat_actor.ObservedTTPs (scope=None, *args)
```

Bases: *stix.common.related.GenericRelationshipList*

STIX Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (TTP)

Modules located in the `stix.ttp` package

Version: 1.1.1.8

`stix.ttp` Module

Classes

class `stix.ttp.TTP` (*id_=None, idref=None, timestamp=None, title=None, description=None, short_description=None*)

Bases: `stix.base.BaseCoreComponent`

Implementation of the STIX TTP.

Parameters

- **id** (*optional*) – An identifier. If `None`, a value will be generated via `mixbox.idgen.create_id()`. If set, this will unset the `idref` property.
- **idref** (*optional*) – An identifier reference. If set this will unset the `id_` property.
- **timestamp** (*optional*) – A timestamp value. Can be an instance of `datetime.datetime` or `str`.
- **description** – A description of the purpose or intent of this object.
- **short_description** – A short description of the intent or purpose of this object.
- **title** – The title of this object.

add_exploit_target (*value*)

Adds a *ExploitTarget* object to the *exploit_targets* collection.

add_intended_effect (*value*)

Adds a *Statement* object to the *intended_effects* collection.

If *value* is a string, an attempt will be made to convert it into an instance of *Statement*.

add_kill_chain_phase (*value*)

Adds a *KillChainPhaseReference* to the *kill_chain_phases* collection.

Parameters *value* – A *KillChainPhase*, *KillChainPhaseReference* or a `str` representing the *phase_id* of. Note that you if you are defining a custom Kill Chain, you need to add it to the STIX package separately.

add_related_package (*value*)

Adds a *RelatedPackageRef* object to the *related_packages* collection.

Parameters *value* – A *RelatedPackageRef* or a *STIXPackage* object.

add_related_ttp (*value*)

Adds an Related TTP to the *related_ttps* list property of this *TTP*.

The *TTP* parameter must be an instance of *RelatedTTP* or *TTP*.

If the *TTP* parameter is `None`, no item will be added to the *related_ttps* list property.

Calling this method is the same as calling `append()` on the *related_ttps* property.

See also:

The RelatedTTPs documentation.

Note: If the *TTP* parameter is not an instance of *RelatedTTP* an attempt will be made to convert it to one.

Parameters *value* – An instance of *TTP* or *RelatedTTP*.

Raises `ValueError` – If the *TTP* parameter cannot be converted into an instance of *RelatedTTP*

Version: 1.1.1.8

stix.ttp.attack_pattern Module

Classes

class stix.ttp.attack_pattern.**AttackPattern** (*id=None, idref=None, title=None, description=None, short_description=None*)
Bases: *stix.base.Entity*

Version: 1.1.1.8

stix.ttp.behavior Module

Classes

class stix.ttp.behavior.**Behavior** (*malware_instances=None, attack_patterns=None, exploits=None*)
Bases: *stix.base.Entity*

Version: 1.1.1.8

stix.ttp.exploit Module

Classes

class stix.ttp.exploit.**Exploit** (*id=None, idref=None, title=None, description=None, short_description=None*)
Bases: *stix.base.Entity*

Version: 1.1.1.8

stix.ttp.exploit_targets Module

Classes

class stix.ttp.exploit_targets.**ExploitTargets** (*scope=None, *args*)
Bases: *stix.common.related.GenericRelationshipList*

Version: 1.1.1.8

stix.ttp.infrastructure Module

Classes

class stix.ttp.infrastructure.**Infrastructure** (*id=None, idref=None, title=None, description=None, short_description=None*)
Bases: *stix.base.Entity*

Version: 1.1.1.8

stix.ttp.malware_instance Module

Classes

```
class stix.ttp.malware_instance.MalwareInstance (id_=None, idref=None, title=None, description=None, short_description=None)
    Bases: stix.base.Entity
```

Functions

```
stix.ttp.malware_instance.add_extension(cls)
    Registers a stix.Entity class as an implementation of an xml type.
```

Classes must have an `_XSI_TYPE` class attributes to be registered. The value of this attribute must be a valid xsi:type.

Note: This was designed for internal use.

Constants

Version: 1.1.1.8

stix.ttp.related_ttps Module

Classes

```
class stix.ttp.related_ttps.RelatedTTPs (scope=None, *args)
    Bases: stix.common.related.GenericRelationshipList
```

Version: 1.1.1.8

stix.ttp.resource Module

Classes

```
class stix.ttp.resource.Resource (tools=None, infrastructure=None, personas=None)
    Bases: stix.base.Entity
```

Version: 1.1.1.8

stix.ttp.victim_targeting Module

Classes

```
class stix.ttp.victim_targeting.VictimTargeting
    Bases: stix.base.Entity
```

STIX Utils

Modules located in the `stix.utils` package

Version: 1.1.1.8

`stix.utils.dates` Module

Functions

`stix.utils.dates.parse_value(value)`

Attempts to parse *value* into an instance of `datetime.datetime`. If *value* is `None`, this function will return `None`.

Parameters *value* – A timestamp. This can be a string or `datetime.datetime` value.

`stix.utils.dates.serialize_value(value)`

Attempts to convert *value* into an ISO8601-compliant timestamp string. If *value* is `None`, `None` will be returned.

Parameters *value* – A `datetime.datetime` value.

Returns An ISO8601 formatted timestamp string.

Version: 1.1.1.8

`stix.utils.idgen` Module

Classes

class `stix.utils.idgen.IDGenerator(namespace=None, method=1)`

Bases: `object`

Utility class for generating STIX ids

create_id(*prefix*='guid')

Create an ID.

Note that if *prefix* is not provided, it will be *quid*, even if the *method* is `METHOD_INT`.

class `stix.utils.idgen.InvalidMethodError(method)`

Bases: `exceptions.ValueError`

Functions

`stix.utils.idgen._get_generator()`

Return the *stix.utils* module's generator object.

Only under rare circumstances should this function be called by external code. More likely, external code should initialize its own `IDGenerator` or use the *set_id_namespace*, *set_id_method*, or *create_id* functions of the *stix.utils* module.

`stix.utils.idgen.set_id_namespace(namespace)`

Set the namespace for the module-level ID Generator

`stix.utils.idgen.set_id_method(method)`

Set the method for the module-level ID Generator

```
stix.utils.idgen.get_id_namespace()
    Return the namespace associated with generated ids
stix.utils.idgen.get_id_namespace_alias()
    Returns the namespace alias associated with generated ids
stix.utils.idgen.create_id(prefix=None)
    Create an ID using the module-level ID Generator
```

Constants

```
stix.utils.idgen.__generator = None
stix.utils.idgen.EXAMPLE_NAMESPACE = {'http://example.com': 'example'}
    dict() -> new empty dictionary dict(mapping) -> new dictionary initialized from a mapping object's
    (key, value) pairs

    dict(iterable) -> new dictionary initialized as if via: d = {} for k, v in iterable:
        d[k] = v

    dict(**kwargs) -> new dictionary initialized with the name=value pairs in the keyword argument list. For
    example: dict(one=1, two=2)
```

Version: 1.1.1.8

stix.utils.nsparser Module

Classes

Constants

Version: 1.1.1.8

stix.utils.parser Module

Classes

```
class stix.utils.parser.UnsupportedVersionError(message, expected=None, found=None)
    Bases: exceptions.Exception
    A parsed document is a version unsupported by the parser.

class stix.utils.parser.UnknownVersionError
    Bases: exceptions.Exception
    A parsed document contains no version information.

stix.utils.parser.UnsupportedRootElement
    alias of UnsupportedRootElementError

class stix.utils.parser.EntityParser
    Bases: mixbox.parser.EntityParser
```

Version: 1.1.1.8

API Coverage

The *python-stix* APIs currently provide partial coverage of all STIX-defined constructs. Development is ongoing toward the goal of providing full STIX language support in the APIs. Until such time that full coverage is provided, an overview of which constructs are available in these APIs will be maintained below.

Note: Many STIX constructs can contain **CyBOX** constructs. The **python-cybox** project provides its own APIs for interacting with the **CyBOX** specification. Please see the [CyBOX API Documentation](#) for information about CyBOX API coverage.

STIX Core

STIX Construct	API Coverage	Documentation
STIX Package	Full	<i>stix.core.stix_package.STIXPackage</i>
STIX Header	Full	<i>stix.core.stix_header.STIXHeader</i>
Related Packages	Full	<i>stix.core.stix_package.RelatedPackages</i>

STIX Top-level Constructs

STIX Construct	API Coverage	Documentation
Campaign	Full	<i>stix.campaign.Campaign</i>
Course of Action	Full	<i>stix.coa.CourseOfAction</i>
Exploit Target	Full	<i>stix.exploit_target.ExploitTarget</i>
Incident	Partial	<i>stix.incident.Incident</i>
Indicator	Full	<i>stix.indicator.indicator.Indicator</i>
Observable	<i>Provided by CyBOX</i>	
Threat Actor	Full	<i>stix.threat_actor.ThreatActor</i>
TTP	Partial	<i>stix.ttp.TTP</i>

STIX Features

STIX Construct	API Coverage	Documentation
Confidence	Partial	<i>stix.common.confidence.Confidence</i>
Handling	Full	<i>stix.data_marking.Marking</i>
Markup in Structured Text	× None	
Relationships	Full	

STIX Extensions

STIX Construct	API Coverage	Documentation
Address Extensions		
CIQ Address	× None	
Attack Pattern Extensions		
CAPEC 2.7	× None	
Identity Extensions		
CIQ Identity	Full	<code>stix.extensions.identity.ciq_identity</code>
Malware Extensions		
MAEC	Full	<code>stix.extensions.malware.maec_4_1_maec</code>
Marking Extensions		
Simple Marking	Full	<code>stix.extensions.marking.simple_marking</code>
TLP	Full	<code>stix.extensions.marking.tlp.TLPMarking</code>
Terms of Use	Full	<code>stix.extensions.marking.terms_of_use</code>
Structured COA Extensions		
Generic Structured COA	× None	
Test Mechanism Extensions		
Generic Test Mechanism	Full	<code>stix.extensions.test_mechanism.generic_test_mechanism</code>
OVAL	× None	
OpenIOC	Full	<code>stix.extensions.test_mechanism.openioc</code>
SNORT	Full	<code>stix.extensions.test_mechanism.snort</code>
YARA	Full	<code>stix.extensions.test_mechanism.yara</code>
Vulnerability Extensions		
CVRF	× None	

STIX Vocabularies

STIX Construct	API Coverage	Documentation
AssetTypeVocab-1.0	Full	<code>stix.common.vocabs.AssetType</code>
AttackerInfrastructureTypeVocab-1.0	Full	<code>stix.common.vocabs.AttackerInfra</code>
AttackerToolTypeVocab-1.0	Full	<code>stix.common.vocabs.AttackerToolT</code>
AvailabilityLossTypeVocab-1.0	× None (<i>replaced by version 1.1.1</i>)	
AvailabilityLossTypeVocab-1.1.1	Full	<code>stix.common.vocabs.AvailabilityL</code>
COAStageVocab-1.0	Full	<code>stix.common.vocabs.COAStage</code>
CampaignStatusVocab-1.0	Full	<code>stix.common.vocabs.CampaignStatu</code>
CourseOfActionTypeVocab-1.0	Full	<code>stix.common.vocabs.CourseOfActio</code>
DiscoveryMethodVocab-1.0	Full	<code>stix.common.vocabs.DiscoveryMeth</code>
HighMediumLowVocab-1.0	Full	<code>stix.common.vocabs.HighMediumLow</code>
ImpactQualificationVocab-1.0	Full	<code>stix.common.vocabs.ImpactQualifi</code>
ImpactRatingVocab-1.0	Full	<code>stix.common.vocabs.ImpactRating</code>
IncidentCategoryVocab-1.0	Full	<code>stix.common.vocabs.IncidentCateg</code>
IncidentEffectVocab-1.0	Full	<code>stix.common.vocabs.IncidentEffec</code>
IncidentStatusVocab-1.0	Full	<code>stix.common.vocabs.IncidentStatu</code>
IndicatorTypeVocab-1.0	× None (<i>replaced by version 1.1</i>)	
IndicatorTypeVocab-1.1	Full	<code>stix.common.vocabs.IndicatorType</code>
InformationSourceRoleVocab-1.0	Full	<code>stix.common.vocabs.InformationSo</code>
InformationTypeVocab-1.0	Full	<code>stix.common.vocabs.InformationTy</code>
IntendedEffectVocab-1.0	Full	<code>stix.common.vocabs.IntendedEffec</code>
LocationClassVocab-1.0	Full	<code>stix.common.vocabs.LocationClass</code>
LossDurationVocab-1.0	Full	<code>stix.common.vocabs.LossDuration</code>
LossPropertyVocab-1.0	Full	<code>stix.common.vocabs.LossProperty</code>
MalwareTypeVocab-1.0	Full	<code>stix.common.vocabs.MalwareType</code>
ManagementClassVocab-1.0	Full	<code>stix.common.vocabs.ManagementCla</code>
MotivationVocab-1.0	× None (<i>replaced by version 1.0.1</i>)	
MotivationVocab-1.0.1	× None (<i>replaced by version 1.1</i>)	
MotivationVocab-1.1	Full	<code>stix.common.vocabs.Motivation</code>
OwnershipClassVocab-1.0	Full	<code>stix.common.vocabs.OwnershipClas</code>
PackageIntentVocab-1.0	Full	<code>stix.common.vocabs.PackageIntent</code>
PlanningAndOperationalSupportVocab-1.0	× None (<i>replaced by version 1.0.1</i>)	
PlanningAndOperationalSupportVocab-1.0.1	Full	<code>stix.common.vocabs.PlanningAndOp</code>
SecurityCompromiseVocab-1.0	Full	<code>stix.common.vocabs.SecurityCompr</code>
SystemTypeVocab-1.0	Full	<code>stix.common.vocabs.SystemType</code>
ThreatActorSophisticationVocab-1.0	Full	<code>stix.common.vocabs.ThreatActorSo</code>
ThreatActorTypeVocab-1.0	Full	<code>stix.common.vocabs.ThreatActorTy</code>

Contributing

If a bug is found, a feature is missing, or something just isn't behaving the way you'd expect it to, please submit an issue to our [tracker](#). If you'd like to contribute code to our repository, you can do so by issuing a [pull request](#) and we will work with you to try and integrate that code into our repository.

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